Performance Meets Precision

ULTRAVERSSE® 035
PTA Dilatation Catheter

With GeoAlign™ Marker Bands
**GEOALIGN™ Marker Bands** are designed to be used as a reference tool to help enable precise balloon placement at the treatment zone.

**GEOALIGN™ Marker Bands** are designated on the catheter shaft by **1 cm increment bands**.

Each 10 cm increment is labeled with the **distance from the distal balloon tip**.

**GEOALIGN™ Marker Bands** are non-radiopaque.

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1. When the catheter is exposed to the vascular system, it should be manipulated while under high-quality fluoroscopic observation.
Depending on lesion type and length, longer balloons may require fewer inflations, potentially reducing procedural and fluoroscopy time.

1 As of July 2014 for .035" PTA Balloons
**Warnings**

1) Contents supplied STERILE using ethylene oxide (EO). Non-Pyrogenic. Do not use if sterile barrier is opened or its size, shape, and condition are suitable for the procedure and the device will malfunction due to potential adverse effects on components that are influenced by thermal and/or mechanical changes.

2) Do not exceed the RBP (Rated Burst Pressure) of the present medical device increases the probability of the potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination have had contact with the joints, and/or crevices between components – are difficult or impossible to clean, reprocess, and/or resterilize because of an indeterminable degree of potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination. After resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guaranteed.

3) Do not resterilize. After cleaning, reprocessing, and/or resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guaranteed.

4) Do not use if sterile barrier is opened or its size, shape, and condition are suitable for the procedure and the device will malfunction due to potential adverse effects on components that are influenced by thermal and/or mechanical changes.

5) Do not exceed the RBP of the present medical device increases the probability of the potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination have had contact with the joints, and/or crevices between components – are difficult or impossible to clean, reprocess, and/or resterilize because of an indeterminable degree of potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination. After resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guaranteed.

6) Do not use if sterile barrier is opened or its size, shape, and condition are suitable for the procedure and the device will malfunction due to potential adverse effects on components that are influenced by thermal and/or mechanical changes.

7) Do not continue to use the balloon catheter during post procedure withdrawal of the catheter through a gaseous medium to inflate the balloon. If resistance is felt, push the balloon out of the introducer sheath/guide catheter or mechanical changes.

8) Do not exceed the RBP of the present medical device increases the probability of the potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination have had contact with the joints, and/or crevices between components – are difficult or impossible to clean, reprocess, and/or resterilize because of an indeterminable degree of potential pyrogenic or microbial contamination. After resterilization, the sterility of the product is not guaranteed.

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